

GRADUATES: WE NEED YOUR HELP!

The experiences you have had searching for a job are of interest and value to your peers in the legal community. Now that you have graduated, you can take an active role in helping your profession compile accurate information on the employment outlook by cooperating with your career services office and completing the enclosed survey, which asks for information on your post-graduation employment status.

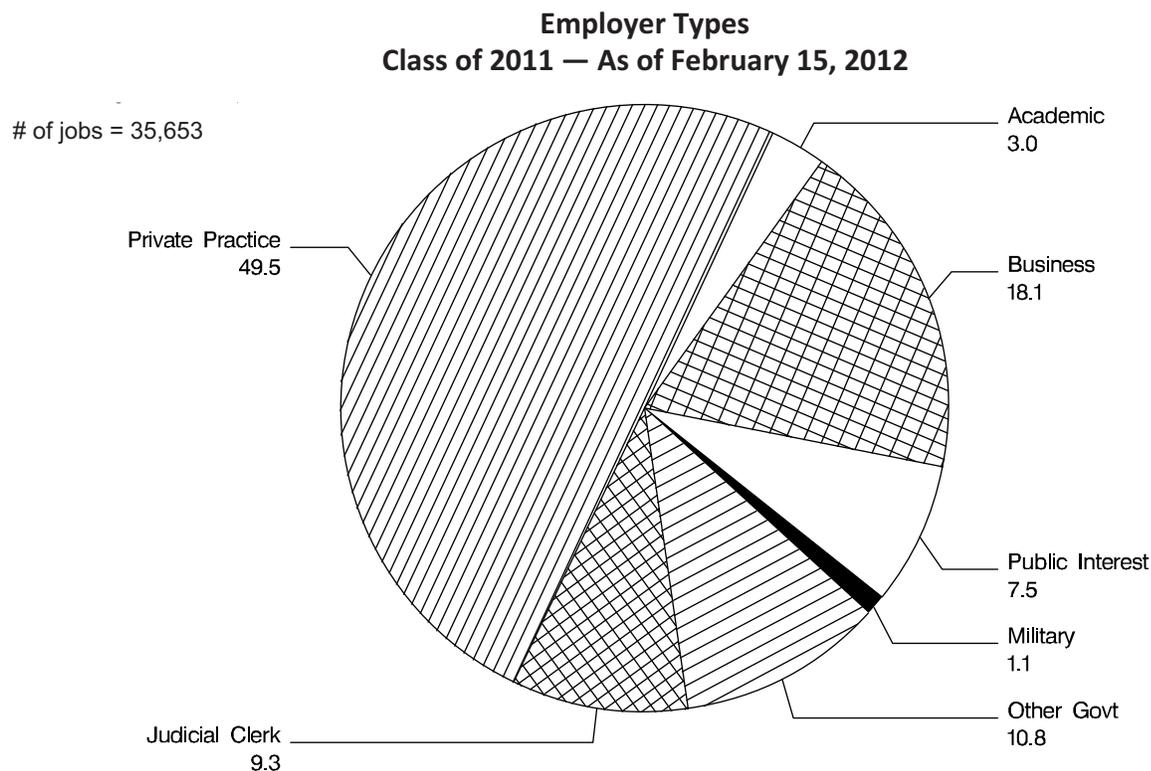
PLEASE BE AMONG THE OVERWHELMING MAJORITY OF YOUR CLASSMATES WHO SUPPORT THEIR CAREER SERVICES OFFICE IN THIS DATA COLLECTION EFFORT. Some of the information will be reported to NALP, which compiles the only comprehensive aggregate national report on the employment of graduating law students. The report on the Class of 2011, examples of which are shown below and on the back of this sheet, was made possible by the participation of over 93% of that class. By using this report, your career services office was better able to help you and your peers in your job searches — for example, by determining which types of employers are hiring, where jobs can be found, and what salaries are being paid.

The national results are used by employers in deciding where to recruit and to ensure that their salaries are competitive; by individuals considering law school; and by those concerned with minority and gender hiring trends, among others. The results are also reported widely in the press.

Note that all information you supply is strictly CONFIDENTIAL within both your school and NALP. Information sent to NALP is provided on an anonymous basis and only aggregates and averages are published. NALP DOES NOT RELEASE DATA ON INDIVIDUALS or even on individual schools (except to the school itself).

The full report, which you can review in your career services office, provides much more detail on each of these topics. For example, the report gives private practice salaries by state and for over 200 cities nationwide.

Your participation insures that the survey results are useful and valid. Thank you for helping to provide this valuable information. If you have any questions or concerns on the survey, please feel free to contact your career services office.



Note: Figures in this chart reflect all job types — both legal and other. For clarity, the category for unknown employer type, representing 0.7% of jobs, is not shown.

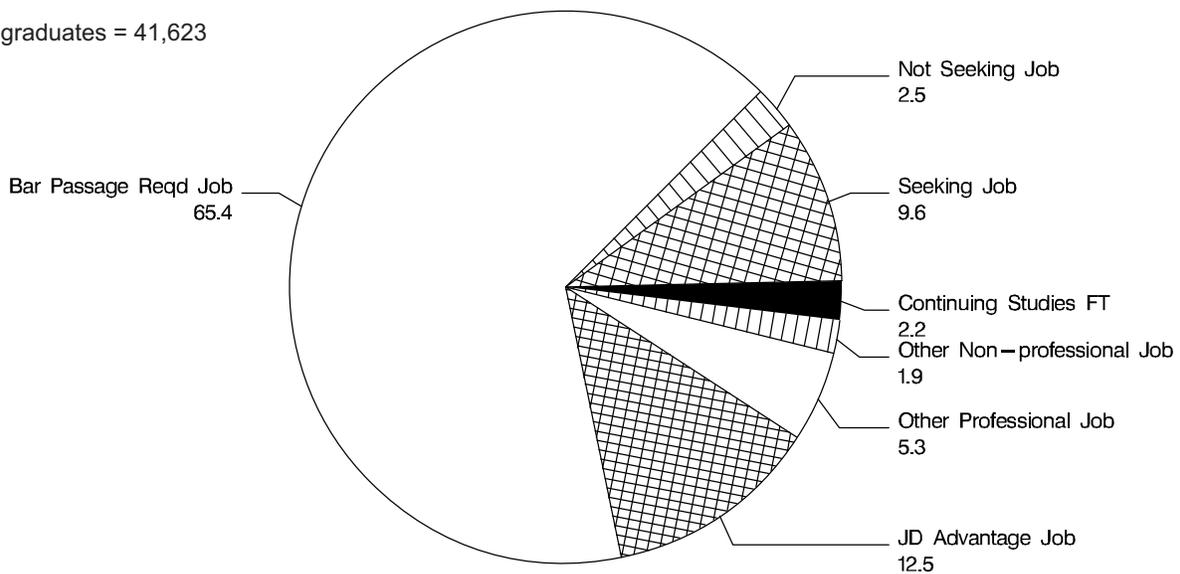
Class of 2011 — Full-Time Reported Salaries by Employer Type

Employer Type	PERCENT OF SALARIES WHICH WERE:					National Median	National Mean	Most Frequently Reported Salaries	# of Salaries Reported	Salary Coverage
	\$40,000 or Less	\$40,001–55,000	\$55,001–75,000	\$75,001–100,000	More than \$100,000					
All Types	12.6%	28.0%	25.4%	9.7%	24.3%	\$60,000	\$78,653	\$160,000 (14.1%) / \$50,000 (6.2%)	18,639	64.8%
Academic	29.7	39.0	19.7	8.6	3.0	45,000	52,704	45,000 (10.0) / 40,000 (7.4)	269	57.8
Business	12.1	22.1	34.0	18.7	13.1	65,000	72,120	60,000 (7.2) / 50,000 (6.8)	2,144	48.8
Judicial Clerkships	11.3	45.1	43.1	— 0.5 —		52,000	51,761	43,437 (7.6) / 60,000 (5.9)	2,750	88.3
Government	19.0	39.4	32.6	6.9	2.1	52,000	54,742	50,000 (7.4) / 40,000 (7.0)	2,442	68.9
Private Practice	8.8	18.4	18.8	11.8	42.2	85,000	97,821	160,000 (26.3) / 50,000 (6.0)	9,913	64.2
Public Interest	33.3	55.4	8.7	— 2.6 —		45,000	45,573	40,000 (11.7) / 45,000 (7.4)	1,106	64.1

Note: Figures are based on salaries reported for full-time jobs lasting a year or more. The column labeled “salary coverage” shows the percentage of full-time jobs lasting a year or more for which salary information was reported. The number of salaries reported for all types of employers exceeds the sum of salaries reported for individual employer types because not all jobs with a salary included an employer type. Figures in parentheses in the column labeled “Most Frequently Reported Salaries” indicate the percentage of salaries reported at that level. A few salaries reported for law firm solo practice are excluded from these analyses.

Employment Status Class of 2011— As of February 15, 2012

of graduates = 41,623



Note: The category of jobs for which type (e.g. bar passage required) was not specified accounts for 0.5% of jobs but is not shown on the chart. Overall, 89% of jobs were reported as full-time.