Graduates: We Need Your Help!

Your experiences searching for a job are of interest and value to your peers in the legal community. Now that you have graduated, you can take an active role in helping your profession compile accurate information on the employment outlook by assisting your career services office and completing the enclosed survey, which asks for information on your post-graduation employment status.

PLEASE BE AMONG THE OVERWHELMING MAJORITY OF YOUR CLASSMATES WHO SUPPORT THEIR CAREER SERVICES OFFICE IN THIS DATA COLLECTION EFFORT. Some of the information will be reported to NALP, which compiles the only comprehensive aggregate national report on the employment of graduating law students. The report on the Class of 2018, examples of which are shown below and on the back of this sheet, was made possible by the participation of nearly 98% of that class. By using this report, your career services office was better able to help you and your peers in your job searches — for example, by determining which types of employers are hiring, where jobs can be found, and what salaries are being paid.

The national results are used by employers in deciding where to recruit and to ensure that their salaries are competitive; by individuals considering law school; and by those concerned with hiring trends for graduates across several demographics. The results are also reported widely in the press.

Note that all information you supply is strictly CONFIDENTIAL within both your school and NALP. Information sent to NALP is provided on an anonymous basis and only aggregates and averages are published. NALP DOES NOT RELEASE DATA ON INDIVIDUALS or even on individual schools (except to the school itself).

The full report, which you can review in your career services office, provides much more detail on each of these topics. For example, the report gives private practice salaries by state and for over 200 cities nationwide.

Your participation ensures that the survey results are useful and valid. Thank you for helping to provide this valuable information.

If you have any questions or concerns regarding the survey, please feel free to contact your career services office.

Employer Types
Class of 2018 - as of March 15, 2019

Private Practice, 54.8%
Business, 12.9%
Judicial Clerk, 11.2%
Other Govt, 10.9%
Public Interest, 7.4%
Military, 1.1%
Education, 1.6%

# of Jobs = 29,953

Note: Figures in this chart reflect all job types — both legal and other. For clarity, the category for unknown employer type, representing, 0.17% of jobs, is not shown. Overall, 95.4% of jobs were reported as full-time.
Class of 2018 — Full-Time Reported Salaries by Employer Type

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employer Type</th>
<th>$45,000 or less</th>
<th>$45,001 - 55,000</th>
<th>$55,001 - 70,000</th>
<th>$70,001 - 100,000</th>
<th>More than $100,000</th>
<th>National Median</th>
<th>National Mean</th>
<th>Most Frequently Reported Salaries</th>
<th># of Salaries Reported</th>
<th>Salary Coverage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Types</td>
<td>9.0%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>24.8%</td>
<td>16.1%</td>
<td>33.3%</td>
<td>$70,000</td>
<td>$98,150</td>
<td>$190,000 (13.8%)/$180,000 (7.7%)</td>
<td>19,615</td>
<td>70.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>21.3%</td>
<td>36.7%</td>
<td>22.2%</td>
<td>14.0%</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>51,500</td>
<td>61,984</td>
<td>50,000 (13.5%)/40,000 (6.3%)</td>
<td>207</td>
<td>67.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>11.4%</td>
<td>25.6%</td>
<td>35.7%</td>
<td>20.4%</td>
<td>75,000</td>
<td>86,466</td>
<td>80,000 (7.2%)/65,000 (6.3%)</td>
<td>1,676</td>
<td>53.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Judicial Clerkships</td>
<td>10.5%</td>
<td>37.0%</td>
<td>47.0%</td>
<td>5.6%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>57,000</td>
<td>56,890</td>
<td>61,000 (6.7%)/60,000 (6.5%)</td>
<td>2,679</td>
<td>81.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government</td>
<td>17.4%</td>
<td>20.7%</td>
<td>44.1%</td>
<td>14.4%</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
<td>60,000</td>
<td>61,741</td>
<td>60,000 (6.5%)/65,000 (5.0%)</td>
<td>2,314</td>
<td>68.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private Practice</td>
<td>4.7%</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
<td>14.8%</td>
<td>17.6%</td>
<td>54.2%</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>123,900</td>
<td>190,000 (24.1%)/180,000 (13.4%)</td>
<td>11,237</td>
<td>71.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Interest</td>
<td>27.0%</td>
<td>37.5%</td>
<td>29.9%</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>50,500</td>
<td>53,094</td>
<td>50,000 (10.8%)/45,000 (9.4%)</td>
<td>1,491</td>
<td>73.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Figures are based on salaries reported for full-time jobs lasting a year or more. The column labeled “Salary Coverage” shows the percentage of full-time jobs lasting a year or more for which salary information was reported. The number of salaries reported for all types of employers exceeds the sum of salaries reported for individual employer types because not all jobs with a salary reported included an employer type. Figures in parentheses in the column labeled “Most Frequently Reported Salaries” indicate the percentage of salaries reported at that level. Salaries reported for law firm solo practice are excluded from all salary analyses in this report. For purposes of determining the most frequently reported salaries, salaries were rounded to the nearest $500.

# of Graduates = 33,510
(with known employment status)

Note: Jobs for which an offer has been accepted but for which the start date is deferred, and jobs for which type, e.g. bar passage required, was not specified, account for 0.84% and 0.09% of graduates, respectively, but are not shown in the chart.